

6) solve $f_t = 5f_{xx}$ on $[0, \pi]$ initial: $f(x, 0) = |\sin(2x)|$

$$f(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin(nx) e^{-5n^2 t} \quad b_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x, 0) \sin(nx) dx$$

$$b_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin(2x) \sin(nx) dx + \int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} -\sin(2x) \sin(nx) dx \right)$$

use $2\sin(nx)\sin(my) = \cos(nx-my) - \cos(nx+my)$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos((2-n)x) - \cos((2+n)x) dx - \frac{1}{2} \int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} \cos((2-n)x) - \cos((2+n)x) dx \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{1}{2-n} \sin((2-n)x) \Big|_0^{\pi/2} - \frac{1}{2+n} \sin((2+n)x) \Big|_0^{\pi/2} - \frac{1}{2-n} \sin((2-n)x) \Big|_{\pi/2}^{\pi} + \frac{1}{2+n} \sin((2+n)x) \Big|_{\pi/2}^{\pi} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{2}{2-n} \sin\left((2-n) \cdot \frac{\pi}{2}\right) - \frac{2}{2+n} \sin\left((2+n) \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)$$

↓ using $\sin(A+B) = \sin A \cos B + \cos A \sin B$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{2}{2-n} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) + \frac{2}{2+n} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) \right) = \boxed{\frac{8 \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right)}{(4-n^2)\pi}}$$

7) $u_t = u_{xxxx} + u_{xx}$ $u(0) = |\sin(2x)|$

Operator is $D^4 + D^2$ which has eigenvectors $\sin(nx)$ with eigenvalues $n^4 - n^2$

so for $f(x, 0) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin(nx)$ we have the solution $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin(nx) e^{(n^4 - n^2)t}$

where b_n are the sin-Fourier coefficients for $|\sin(2x)|$ which are same as in question 6 over $[0, \pi]$

8) $u_{tt} = u_{xx}$ initial conditions: $u(x,0) = 0$ $u_t(x,0) = \begin{cases} \sin(3x) & x \in [0, \pi/2] \\ 0 & x \in [\pi/2, \pi] \end{cases}$
 $u(0,t) = u(\pi,t) = 0$

has solution: $u(x,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \sin(nx) \cos(\overset{c=1 \text{ from wave equation}}{nct}) + \frac{b_n}{nc} \sin(nx) \sin(nct)$

$a_n = 0$ since $u(x,0) = 0$

$b_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin(3x) \cdot \sin(nx) dx + \int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} 0 \cdot \sin(nx) dx$

$b_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \cdot \frac{n \cos(\frac{n\pi}{2})}{n^2 - 9}$

so $u(x,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2 \cos(\frac{n\pi}{2})}{\pi(n^2 - 9)} \sin(nx) \sin(nt)$

9) First find u_n for $u_{tt} = u_{xx}$ for odd $u \Rightarrow$ only sine solutions to wave equation

$u_n = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \sin(nx) \cos(nt)$

$u_p(t)$ that satisfies $u_{tt} = \cos(t) + \cos(3t)$

$u_p(t) = -\cos(t) - \frac{1}{9} \cos(3t)$

at $u(x,0) = 11 \sin(5x) + 23 \sin(7x)$ so $a_5 = 11, a_7 = 23$, all others = 0

$u(x,t) = 11 \sin(5x) \cos(5t) + 23 \sin(7x) \cos(7t) - \cos(t) - \frac{1}{9} \cos(3t) + \frac{10}{9}$ ← to get $u(x,0)$ to match

10)

a) $b_{nm} = \frac{1}{\pi^2} \left[\int_0^{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \sin(nx) \sin(my) dx dy + \int_{-\pi}^0 \int_{-\pi}^0 \sin(nx) \sin(my) dx dy - \int_0^{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^0 \sin(nx) \sin(my) dx dy - \int_{-\pi}^0 \int_0^{\pi} \sin(nx) \sin(my) dx dy \right]$

$b_{nm} = \frac{4}{\pi^2} \frac{(\cos(m\pi) - 1)(\cos(n\pi) - 1)}{m \cdot n}$

b) eigenvalues of $D_{xx} + D_{yy}$ for $\sin(nx) \sin(my)$ are $-n^2 - m^2$ so evolves like $e^{-n^2 - m^2 t} \sin(my) \sin(nx)$

so $u(x,y,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} b_{nm} \sin(nx) \sin(my) e^{-n^2 - m^2 t}$