

# INTRODUCTION TO CALCULUS

MATH 1A

UNIT 20: WORKSHEET

## The intermediate value theorem

**Problem 1:** Today, the average temperature is  $48^\circ$  Fahrenheit. Yesterday, it had been  $58^\circ$ . Is it true that there was a moment last night, where the temperature had been exactly 50 degree Fahrenheit.

**Solution:**

let  $T(t)$  be the temperature. Define  $f(t) = T(t) - 50$ . Now, Let  $t = 0$  be the time yesterday and  $t = 1$  be the time today. Then  $f(0) = 48 - 50 < 0$  and  $f(1) = 58 - 50 = 8 > 0$ . The function  $T(t)$  and so  $f(t)$  is continuous. Therefore,  $f(t)$  has a root in  $[0, 1]$  by the intermediate value theorem.

**Problem 2:** Argue why there was a time in your life whether you were 1000 times longer than your average teeth length.

**Solution:**

Let  $f(t) = 1000T(t) - L(t)$ , where  $L(t)$  is your length and  $T(t)$  is the teeth length in cm. Now  $T(0) = 0, L(0) > 0$  so that  $f(0) < 0$ . Now at  $t = 1$ , grown up, we have  $T(1) = 2$  (maybe, but definitely less than 4) and  $L(1) = 170$  (definitely not more than 300). So,  $f(1) = 2000 - 170 > 0$ . This is clear even if you would have taken 5mm teeth now and 3 Meter size. Since both  $T(t)$  and  $L(t)$  are continuous functions, also  $f(t)$  is continuous. The intermediate value theorem assures that  $f$  has a root.

**Problem 3:** How would you find a root of the function  $f(x) = \cos(x) - x$  using a calculator and without taking derivatives.

**Solution:**

Check  $f(0) = 1$  and  $f(\pi/2) = -\pi/2 < 0$ . There is a root between 0 and  $\pi/2$ . Now evaluate  $f(\pi/4)$  and see whether it is positive or negative. This decides whether the root is in  $[0, \pi/4]$  or in  $[\pi/4, \pi/2]$ . With a calculator, we see  $f(\pi/4) = 2/\sqrt{2} - \pi/4 = -0.078 < 0$ . The root is therefore in  $[\pi/4, \pi/2]$ .

**Problem 4:** Is there a point  $x$ , where

$$\frac{1}{\sin(x)} = \frac{1}{2}?$$

We have  $1/\sin(\pi/2) = 1$  and  $1/\sin(3\pi/2) = -1$ .

**Solution:**

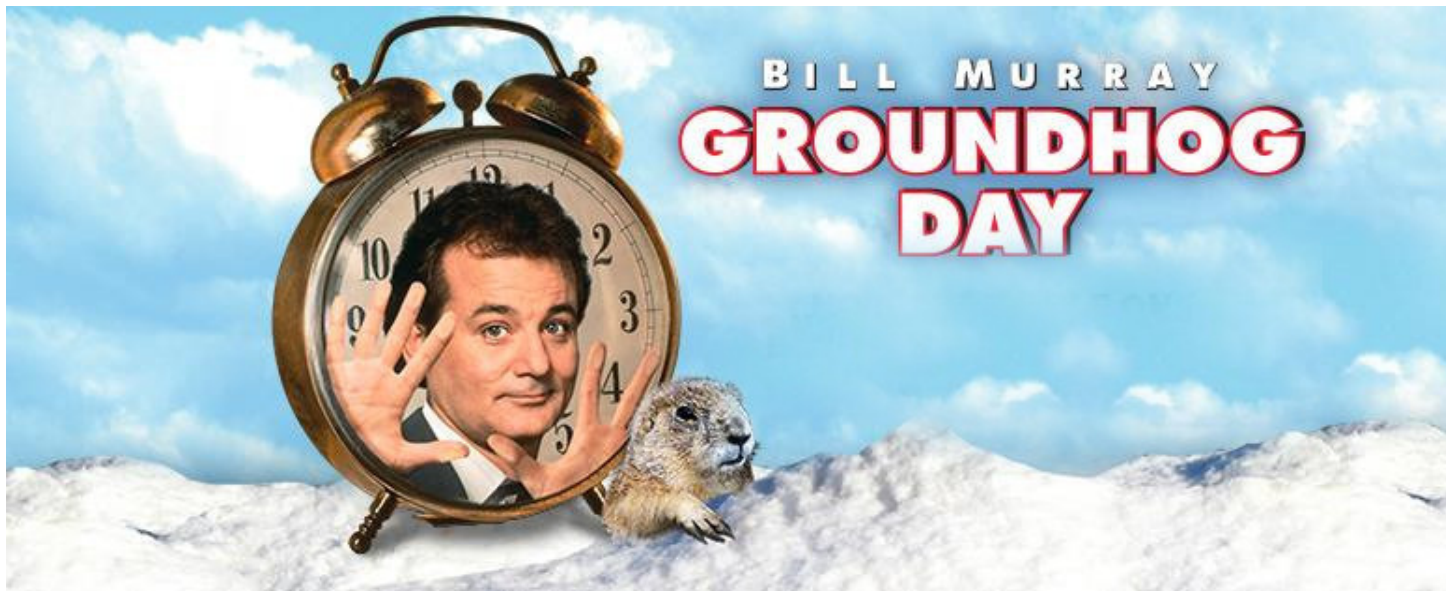
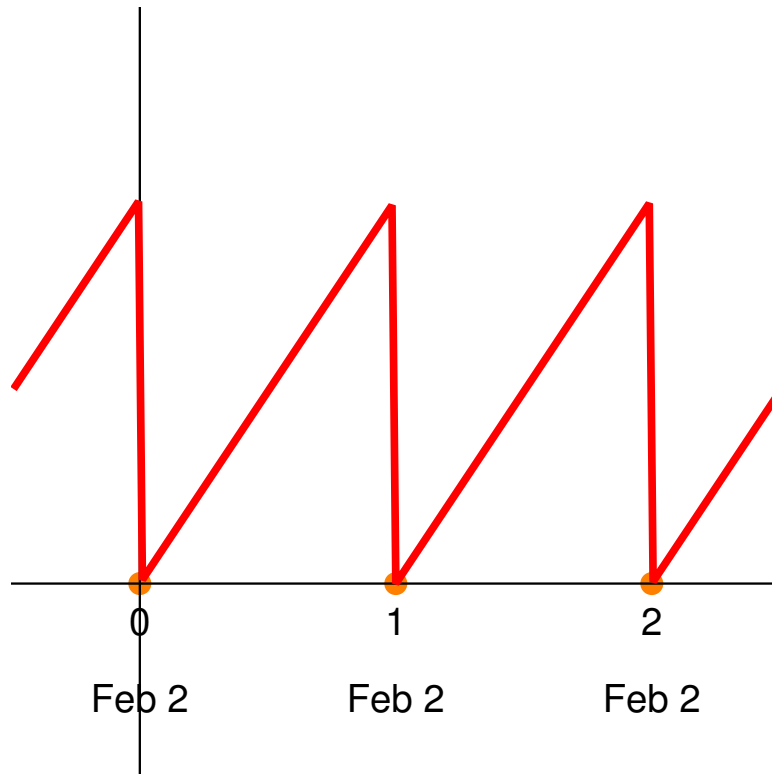
The function  $1/\sin(x)$  is not continuous. While we know points where  $f$  is negative and points where  $f$  is positive, we do not have points where  $f = 0$  or  $f = 1/\sqrt{2}$ .

**Problem 5:** The earth's diameter is 12'756 km in average. Is there a point on earth where the distance to its anti-pod is exactly 12'756 km?

**Solution:**

Take the function  $f(x) = d(x) - 12756$ . We know that the average of  $f$  is 0. It is not possible that the function is everywhere positive or negative. So, either the function is everywhere 0 or negative somewhere and positive somewhere else.

**Problem 6:** The function  $g(x) = x - \text{floor}(x)$  is a **ground hog function**. If you know the movie with **Bill Murray**, you know why. We know  $g(0.9) = 0.9$  and  $g(1.1) = 0.1$ . Can you conclude that there is a point between 0.9 and 1.1 where  $g(x) = 0.5$ ? What does the intermediate value theorem tell here?



**Solution:**

We are looking at roots of the function  $f(x) = g(x) - 0.5$ . We know  $f(0.9) = 0.4$  and  $f(1.1) = -0.4$ . But  $f$  is not continuous at integers. We can not conclude that there is a value where  $f$  is 0.