

Welcome to Math 305
*Advanced Algebra and
Trigonometry!*

When it's the
Form that matters...

Second Class – Friday, June 27, 2014

- Warm-up
 - *cheap calculations!*
- POTD – Counting coins
 - *infinite polynomials?*
 - *Hello Fibonacci?!*
- Teaching approaches to algebra
 - *The Model Method – Singapore Math*

Advanced Algebra – it's about *Form* and Function

How about this somewhat strange question?

calculating
f(18)
cheaply!

...back to medieval times... a traveling merchant has need of evaluating the polynomial $12t^4 + 7t^3 + 5t^2 + 6t + 11$ at $t = 18$. The merchant takes this extravagantly difficult problem to a professional mathematician/computer (back in those days "computers" were actually people who'd solve sums and other problems for others). The computer charges 10 farthings for each multiplication and 5 farthings for each addition...

POTD - Counting coins!

Suppose there's a pile of coins containing 3 pennies, 2 nickels, 1 dime, 1 quarter, and 1 half dollar coin...

***How many ways
can you select
4 coins from
the pile?***

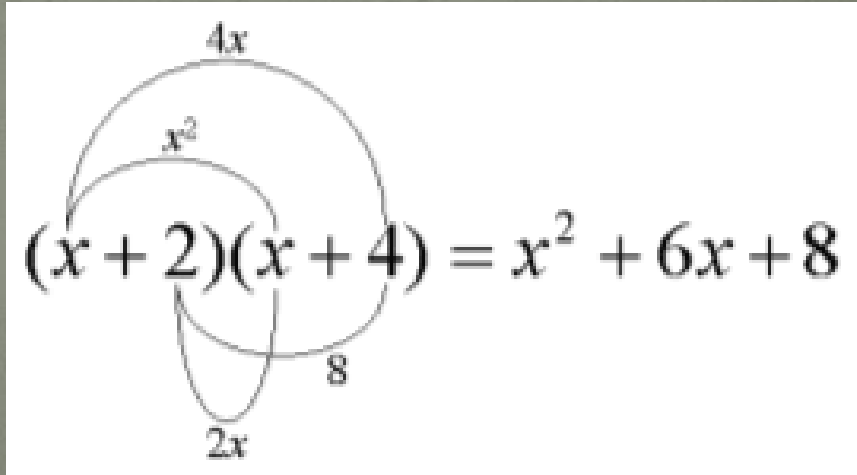


POTD...counting coins!

Suppose you have a pile of coins of various denominations... *so how many ways are there of putting together a pile of 4 coins?*

Think about the distributive property...

*Time to use
Mathematica?!*


$$(x+2)(x+4) = x^2 + 6x + 8$$

POTD – Counting coins

...continued!

Suppose there's a pile of coins containing pennies, nickels, dimes, quarters, and half dollar coins...

***How many ways
can you select
8 coins from
the pile?***



Something new?!

Can we connect this to the following...

What is $1 / (1 - x)$? (formally...!)

→ ***Generating functions!***

now try to find something similar for...

$$1 + 2x + 4x^2 + 8x^3 + 16x^4 + \dots$$

Aha – a sequence connection!

Leaping out a bit...

So the Geometric Sequence

1 a a² a³ a⁴ a⁵ ...

corresponds to the generating function

1 + a x + a² x² + a³ x³ + a⁴ x⁴ + a⁵ x⁵ + ...

which is (formally) equivalent to ...

1 / (1 - ax)

...and Arithmetic Sequences?!

Now can you work out a simple rational polynomial corresponding to the generating function

$$1 + 4x + 7x^2 + 10x^3 + 13x^4 + 16x^5 + \dots$$

time for a side(?) path...

we looked at $1 / (1 - x)$

what is the generating function equivalent to $1 / (1 - x)^2$?

Take it up a notch!!

What about the generating function corresponding to

$$1 / (1 - x)^3$$

...or the generating function corresponding to

$$1 / (1 - x)^4$$

ugh!

But wait,

those numbers look familiar too!!



Pascal's Triangle

The triangle is connected with many different mathematical concepts, such as to combinations (from probability), as well as the binomial theorem in algebra...

Recall that...

$$(x + y)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} x^{n-k} y^k$$

Pascal's Triangle

This can be "seen in action" by...

$$(x+y)^0 = \mathbf{1} \quad \text{-----} \quad \text{0th row}$$

$$(x+y)^1 = \mathbf{1}x + \mathbf{1}y \quad \text{-----} \quad \text{1st row}$$

$$(x+y)^2 = \mathbf{1}x^2 + \mathbf{2}xy + \mathbf{1}y^2 \quad \text{-----} \quad \text{2nd row}$$

$$(x+y)^3 = \mathbf{1}x^3 + \mathbf{3}x^2y + \mathbf{3}xy^2 + \mathbf{1}y^3 \quad \text{-----} \quad \text{3rd row}$$

$$(x+y)^4 = \mathbf{1}x^4 + \mathbf{4}x^3y + \mathbf{6}x^2y^2 + \mathbf{4}xy^3 + \mathbf{1}y^4 \quad \text{-----} \quad \text{4th row}$$

$$(x+y)^5 = \mathbf{1}x^5 + \mathbf{5}x^4y + \mathbf{10}x^3y^2 + \mathbf{10}x^2y^3 + \mathbf{5}xy^4 + \mathbf{1}y^5 \quad \text{-----} \quad \text{5th row}$$

POTD – Counting coins

...so now can we do this one?

Suppose there's a pile of coins containing pennies, nickels, dimes, quarters, and half dollar coins...

***How many ways
can you select
8 coins from
the pile?***

