

**Math 101 - Problem Set 7**  
**Due Tuesday, October 31**

1. Let  $x \in D_{2n}$  be an element that is not a power of  $r$ . Use the properties of the dihedral group that we proved in class to show the following.
  - (a)  $x$  has order 2.
  - (b)  $rx = xr^{-1}$ .
2. Let  $G$  be the group of rigid motions of a cube. (i.e. label the 8 vertices, and rotate the cube in any fashion as long as it sits in the same orientation, just as we did with the square in class.) Calculate  $|G|$ . Make sure you explain your answer.
3. For each of the following subsets  $H$  of the given group  $G$ , either prove that  $H$  is a subgroup of  $G$  or show it's not a subgroup.
  - (a)  $G = \langle \mathbb{R} - \{0\}, \cdot \rangle$  and  $H = \{x \in \mathbb{R} - \{0\} \mid x^2 \in \mathbb{Q}\}$ .
  - (b)  $G = \langle \mathbb{R}, + \rangle$  and  $H = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x^2 \in \mathbb{Q}\}$ .
  - (c)  $G = D_{2n}$  and  $H = \{r^i s \mid i \in \{0, 1, \dots, n-1\}\} \cup \{e\}$ .
  - (d)  $G = \langle \{f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}\}, + \rangle$  and  $H = \{f \in G \mid f(1) = 0\}$ .
4. Let  $G$  be a finite group such that  $|G| = n > 2$ . Show that there is no subgroup  $H$  such that  $|H| = n - 1$ .
5. Let  $G$  be an abelian group. Let  $H$  be the subset of  $G$  consisting of all elements of finite order. Show that  $H \leq G$ . This is called the *torsion subgroup* of  $G$ .
6. Let  $n \in \mathbb{Z}_+$ , and consider the group  $G = \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}_n$ . Find the torsion subgroup of  $G$ .
7. Let  $H$  and  $K$  be subgroups of  $G$ . Show that  $H \cap K$  is a subgroup of  $G$ .
8. Let  $A$  be an abelian group and fix  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ . Prove that the given sets are subgroups of  $A$ .
  - (a)  $\{a^n \mid a \in A\}$
  - (b)  $\{a \in A \mid a^n = e\}$
9. Show that if  $n \geq 3$ , then  $\{x \in D_{2n} \mid x^2 = e\}$  is not a subgroup of  $D_{2n}$ . (Thus, 8.(b) is not true if the abelian assumption is removed.)