

11/17

(so far: unmodified  $\mathbb{C}^*$  to Fano  $\mathbb{C}P^1$   
 today: go "the other way", from  $\mathbb{C}^*$  to pair-of-pants) (27)

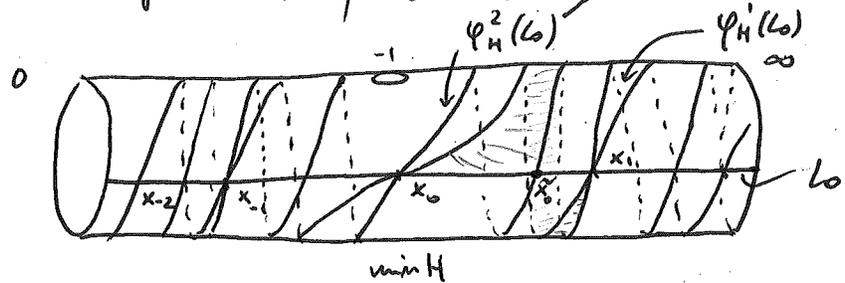
The pair of pants

$X =$    $= \mathbb{P}^1 \setminus \{3 \text{ pts}\} = \mathbb{C}^* \setminus \{-1\}$

Want:  $Y$  st  $W(X) \simeq D^b(\text{Coh}(Y))$ .

Compute:  $CW(L_0, L_0)$ , where  $L_0$  is 

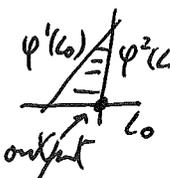
Think of  $X$  as punctured cylinder



$CW^*(L_0, L_0) = \text{span} \{x_i, i \in \mathbb{Z}\}$

In  $\square$ ,  $x_i \cdot x_j = x_{i+j} \quad \forall i, j \in \mathbb{Z}$

Product counts  $\frac{\varphi^1(L_0)}{\varphi^2(L_0)}$  triangles that do not pass through  $-1$

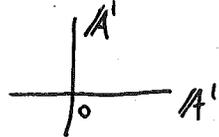


Calculation: discarding disks throug  $-1$ ,

$x_i \cdot x_j = \begin{cases} x_{i+j} & \text{if } ij \geq 0 \\ 0 & \text{if } ij < 0 \end{cases}$

Call  $x_1 =: x$ ,  $x_2 =: y$  and get

$CW^*(L_0, L_0) \simeq K[x, y]_{/xy}$  as  $A_0$ -algs

So, guess  $Y = \text{Spec } K[x, y]_{/xy} =$  

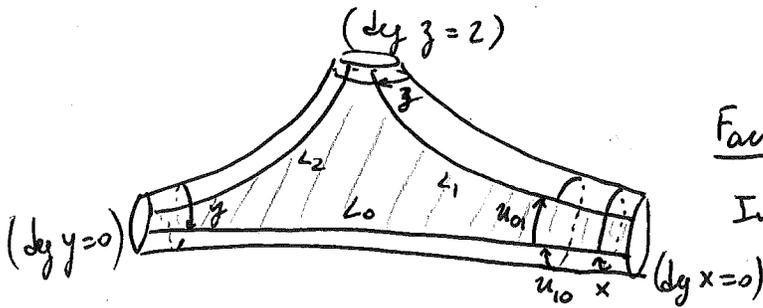
This turns out to be correct.

But... unlike case of cylinder,

$L_0$  does not split-gen  $W(\text{triangle})$

$\mathcal{O}$  does not split-gen  $D^b \text{coh}(+)$

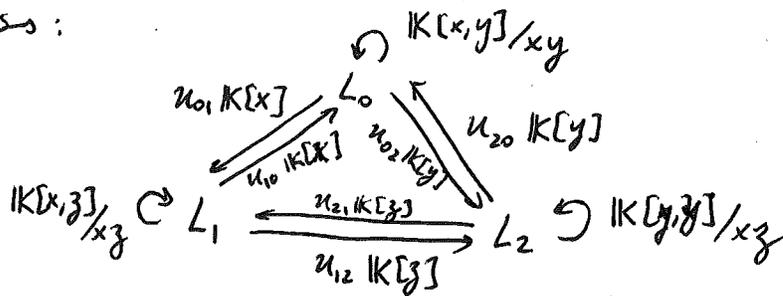
Yet,  $W(\text{triangle}) \hookrightarrow \text{mod} - (K[x,y]/xy)$ , but only hit perfect complexes in  $D^b \text{coh}(+)$



Fact:  $L_0, L_1, L_2$  generate  $W(X)$ .

In fact, 2 of them generate.

Morphisms:



$$u_{01} u_{10} = x$$

$$u_{01} u_{12} = 0$$

Triangle in front gives

$$\mu^3(u_{20}, u_{12}, u_{01}) = \pm \text{id}_{L_0} \text{ and cyclic permutations.}$$

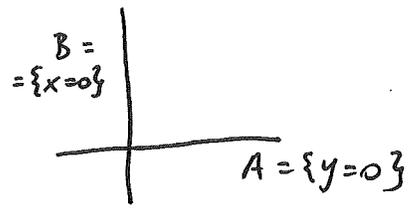
Triangle in back gives

$$\mu^3(u_{10}, u_{21}, u_{02}) = \pm \text{id}_{L_0} \text{ and cyclic perms.}$$

Prop: (AAEKO): These operations determine the  $A_{\infty}$ -str on  $\mathcal{A} = \text{End}(L_0 \oplus L_1 \oplus L_2)$ .

Note: putting more pictures in sphere increases order  $n$  of non-trivial higher product  $\mu^k$ .

Mirror:



$\mathcal{O}_Y, \mathcal{O}_A, \mathcal{O}_B$  generate.  $Y, A, B$  are specs of

$R = K[x, y]_{/xy}$ ,  $R_{/y} = K[x]$ ,  $R_{/x} = K[y]$ , resp.

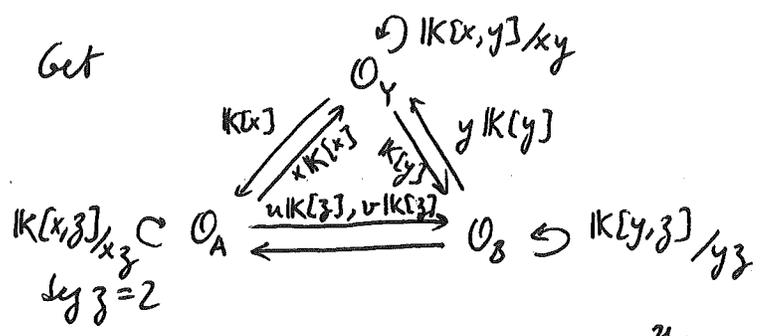
$\exists z \in \text{Ext}^2(R_{/y}, R_{/y})$ :

Proj resolution:  $\dots \rightarrow R \xrightarrow{y} R \xrightarrow{x} R \xrightarrow{y} R \rightarrow R_{/y} \rightarrow 0$

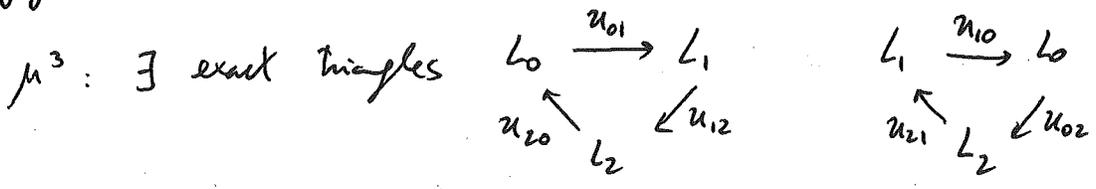
$\rightsquigarrow$  from  $(\cdot, R_{/y})$   $R_{/y} \xrightarrow{y=0} R_{/y} \xrightarrow{x} R_{/y} \xrightarrow{y=0} R_{/y} \rightarrow R_{/y} \rightarrow \dots$   
 who:  $R_{/y}$   $K$   $K$   $\dots$   
 $z$   $z$   $z^2$

\* Degrees are correct:  $\deg z = 2$  matches degree in HF

Get

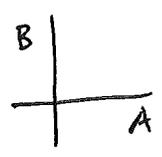


Note: In simpl side,  $L_0, L_1, L_2$  seem interchangeable. But  $\mathcal{O}_Y, \mathcal{O}_A, \mathcal{O}_B$  don't seem. There is an ungraded underlying syndry in the mirror. More below.



$L_2 \simeq \text{Cone}(L_0 \xrightarrow{u_{01}} L_1)$   
 $\simeq \text{Cone}(L_1 \xrightarrow{u_{10}} L_0)$

In mirror:



have SES  $0 \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_A \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_B \rightarrow 0$   
 $(0 \rightarrow R_{/y} \rightarrow R \rightarrow R_{/x} \rightarrow 0)$   
 and  $0 \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_B \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_A \rightarrow 0$

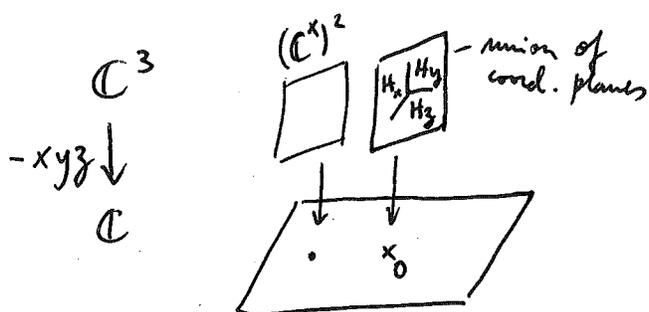
Thm: (AAEKO):  $D^b \text{Coh}(X) \simeq W(\triangle)$

Actually, instead of  $D^b \text{Coh}(X)$  can take a higher dim (stabilized) LG model, with a more explicit 3-fold symmetry:

stabilized mirror:  $X = \triangle \iff (X^\vee = \mathbb{C}^3, W = -xyz)$

$$W(\triangle) \simeq D_{\text{sing}}^b(\mathbb{C}^3, -xyz)$$

$$= D^b \text{Coh}(\{xyz=0\}) / \frac{\text{Perf}}{0}$$



study mod -  $\mathbb{C}[x,y,z]/xyz$

$D^b \text{Coh}(\{xyz=0\}) / \text{Perf}$  is gen'd by  $\mathcal{O}_{H_x}, \mathcal{O}_{H_y}, \mathcal{O}_{H_z}$ ,  
w/ exact triangles coming from  $0 \simeq 0$  (modding out by Perf),  
giving  $\mathcal{O}_{H_x} \cup \mathcal{O}_{H_y} \simeq \mathcal{O}_{H_z}[1]$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathcal{O}_{H_x} & \longrightarrow & \mathcal{O}_{H_z} \\ & \text{exact} & \\ & \mathcal{O}_{H_y} & \end{array}$$

$$0 \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_{H_x} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_{H_x \cup H_y} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_{H_y} \rightarrow 0$$

is in  $D_{\text{sing}}^b$   
 $\mathcal{O}_{H_z}[1]$

Orlov:  $\iff \text{MF}(-xyz), \quad \mathbb{K}[x,y,z] \xrightarrow{-x/yz} \mathbb{K}[x,y,z]$

(MF are more delicate in a space that is not affine).

"LG stabilization"

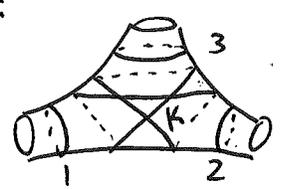
Thm (Orlov):  $D_{\text{sig}}^b(\mathbb{C}^3, -xyz) \simeq D^b \text{coh}(\{xy=0\})$

Kuiper periodicity:  $(Y \times \mathbb{C}, W = \underbrace{zf + g}_{\mathcal{O}(Y)}) \leftrightarrow (f^{-1}(0) \subset Y, g|_{f^{-1}(0)})$

Symplectic analogue: if  $f^{-1}(0)$  smooth, then (in affine setting)

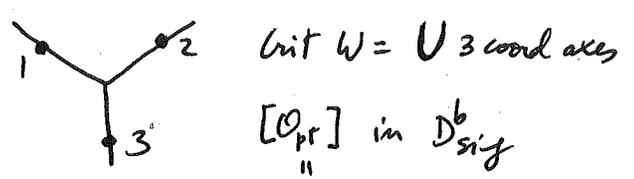
FS  $(Y \times \mathbb{C}, W = zf)$   $\leftrightarrow$   $\mathcal{F}(f^{-1}(0) \subset Y)$   
(W?)  
 Max-Both, with  $W \simeq f^{-1}(0)$

Compact Lags:



$\leftrightarrow$  singularity of points

$\downarrow$  stabil



crit  $W = U$  3 coord axes

$[\mathcal{O}_{\text{pt}}]$  in  $D_{\text{sig}}^b$   
 $A \oplus A[1]$

$0 \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_A \oplus \mathcal{O}_B \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_0 \rightarrow 0$

(3 is not  $\mathbb{Z}$ -graded ...)

$K \leftrightarrow \mathcal{O}_0 \in \mathbb{C}^3$  in  $D_{\text{sig}}^b$   
 seidel

Compactification

$\mathbb{C}^* = \text{cylinder with cap}^{-1} = \text{cone} \cup \{1\} \leftrightarrow (\mathbb{C}^3, -xyz + Tz)$

(\*) think of T as deformation parameter (shear, shearing) assoc. to divisor  $\{z=1\}$

$(T-xy)z$ , has MB sing along  $\{xy=T\} \subset \mathbb{C}^2$   
 $\mathbb{C}^*$

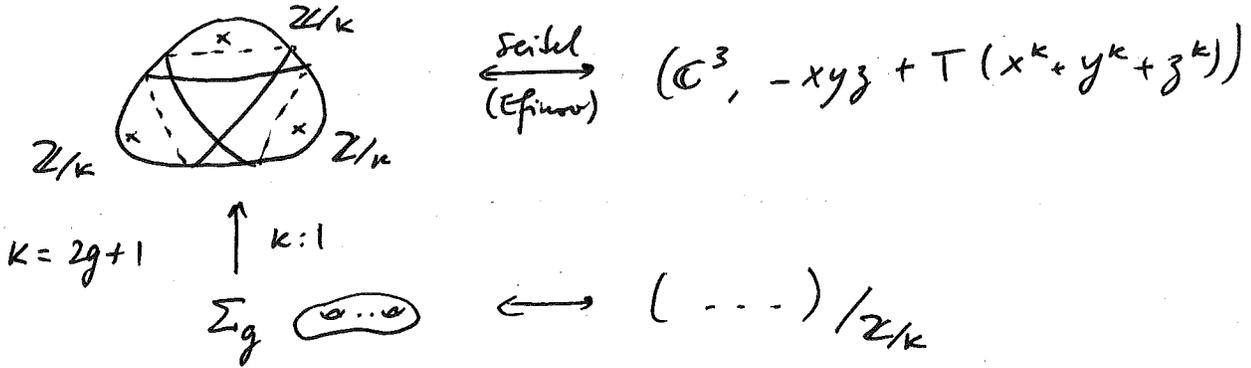
Similarly,

$\mathbb{C}P^1 = \text{triangle} \cup \{3 \text{ pts}\} \leftrightarrow (\mathbb{C}^3, -xyz + Tx + Ty + Tz)$

IK\*, if think of T as Novikov parameter (\*)

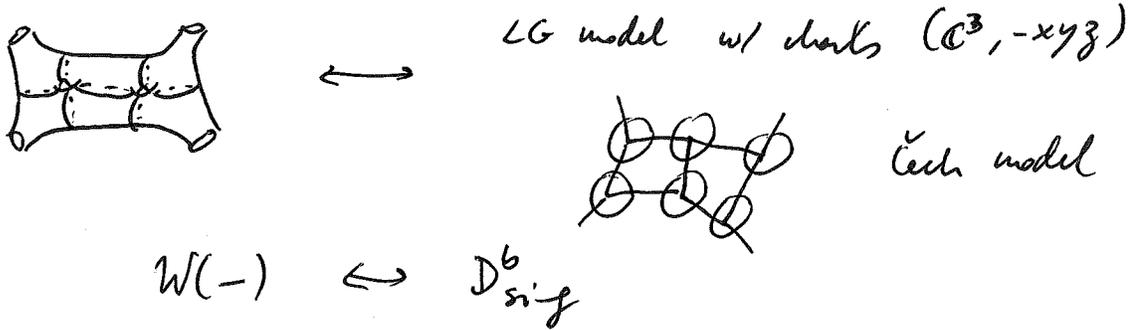
Thm (Orlov):  $D_{\text{sig}}^b(\mathbb{C}^3, -xyz + Tx + Ty + Tz) \simeq D_{\text{sig}}^b(\{xy=T\}, \frac{Tx+Ty}{z}) \simeq (\mathbb{C}^*, z + \frac{T}{z})$

Orbifold compactifications:



This gives mirror symmetry for  $\Sigma_g$ .

More generally: given a pair-of-pants decomposition



See Heather Lee's thesis.

Next: Higher Lenses.