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Name:

LINEAR ALGEBRA AND VECTOR ANALYSIS

MATH 22B

Total:

- You only need this booklet and something to write. Please stow away any other material and electronic devices. Remember the honor code.
- Please write neatly and give details. Except for problems 28.2 and 28.3, we want to see details, even if the answer should be obvious to you.
- Try to answer the question on the same page. There is also space on the back of each page.
- If you finish a problem somewhere else, please indicate on the problem page so that we find it.
- You have 75 minutes for this hourly.

Archimedes sends his good luck wishes. He unfortunately can not join us as he is “busy proving a new theorem”. He just sent us his selfie. Oh well, these celebrities!



Unit 28: Second Hourly (Practice B)

PROBLEMS

Problem 28B.1 (10 points):

- (4 points) You know the positive integer n^5 is odd. Prove that n is odd.
- (3 points) Prove or disprove: if a and b are irrational, then ab is irrational.
- (3 points) Prove or disprove: if a and b are irrational, then $a + b$ is irrational.

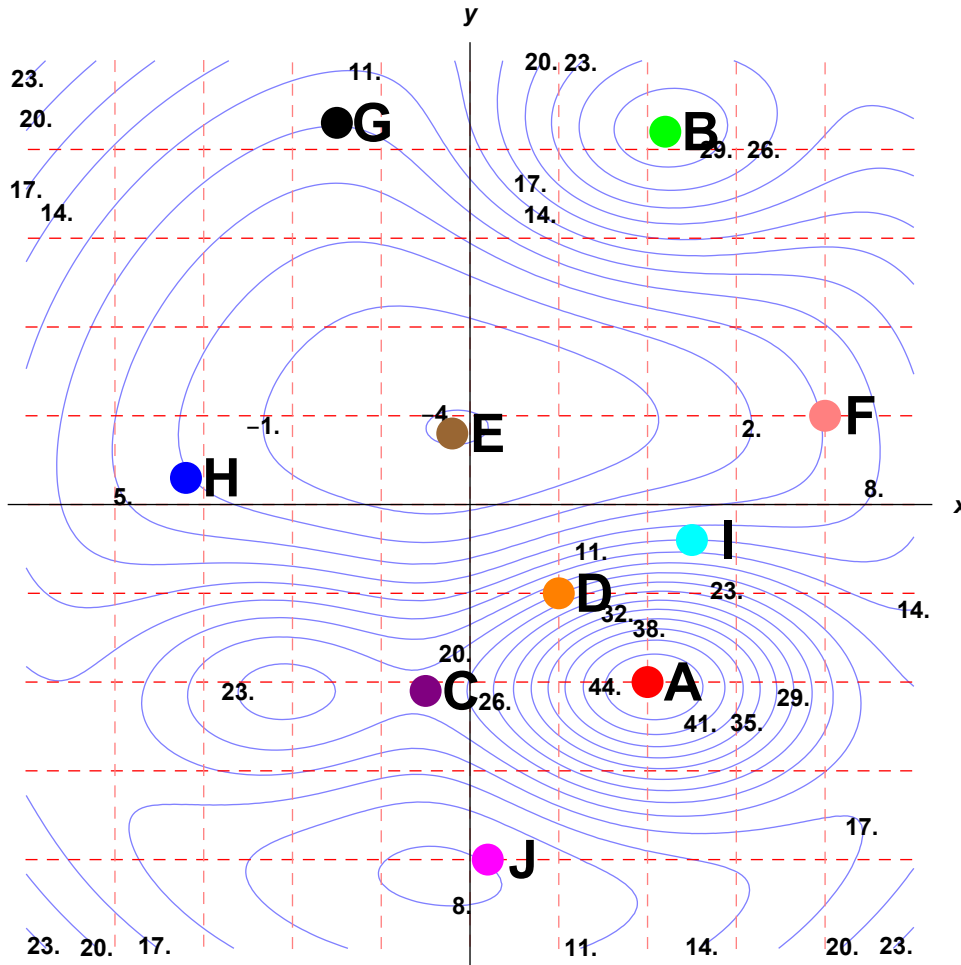
Problem 28B.2 (10 points, each sub problem is one point):

- What is the name of the differential equation $f_t = f_{xx}$?
- What assumptions need to hold so that $f_{xy} = f_{yx}$ is true?
- The gradient $\nabla f(x_0)$ has a relation to $f(x) = c$ with $c = f(x_0)$. Which one?
- The linear approximation of f at x_0 is $L(x) = f(x_0) + \dots$. Complete the formula.
- Assume f has a maximum on $g = c$, then either $\nabla f = \lambda \nabla g, g = c$ holds or ...
- Which mathematician proved the switch the order of integration formula?
- True or false: the gradient vector $\nabla f(x)$ is the same as $df(x)$.
- The equation $u_t + uu_x = u_{xx}$ is an example of a differential equation. We have seen two major types (each a three capital letter acronym). Which type is it?
- What is the formula for the arc length of a curve C ?
- What is the integration factor $|d\phi|$ when going into polar coordinates?

Problem 28B.3 (10 points, 2 points for each sub-problem):

We see the level curves of a Morse function f . Only pick points A-J.

- Which point is critical with discriminant $D = \det(d^2 f) < 0$.
- At which point is $f_x > 0, f_y = 0$?
- At which point is $f_x > 0, f_y > 0$?
- Which (x_0, y_0) are critical points of f when imposing the constraint $g(x, y) = y = y_0$?
- Which (x_0, y_0) are critical points of f when imposing the constraint $g(x, y) = x = x_0$?



Problem 28B.4 (10 points):

- (5 points) Find the tangent plane to the surface $xyz + x^5y + z = 11$ at $(1, 2, 3)$.
- (5 points) Near $(x, y) = (1, 2)$, we can write $z = g(x, y)$. Find $g_x(1, 2), g_y(1, 2)$.

Problem 28B.5 (10 points):

- Find the quadratic approximation of $f(x, y, z) = 1 + x + y^2 + z^3 + \sin(xyz)$ at $(0, 0, 0)$.
- Estimate $f(0.01, 0.03, 0.05)$ using linear approximation.

Problem 28B.6 (10 points):

- (8 points) Classify the critical points of the function $f(x, y) = x^{12} + 12x^2 + y^{12} + 12y^2$ using the second derivative test.
- (2 points) Does f have a global minimum? Does f have a global maximum?

Problem 28B.7 (10 points):

On the top of a MIT building there is a radar dome in the form of a spherical cap. Insiders call it the “**Death star**” **radar dome**. We know that with the height h and base radius r , we have volume and surface area given by $V = \pi r h^2 - \pi h^3/3$, $A = 2\pi r h = \pi$. This leads to the problem to extremize

$$f(x, y) = xy^2 - \frac{y^3}{3}$$

under the constraint

$$g(x, y) = 2xy = 1 .$$

Find the minimum of f on this constraint using the Lagrange method!

Problem 28B.8 (10 points):

Find

$$\iint_R 5/(x^2 + y^2) \, dx dy ,$$

where R is the region $1 \leq x^2 + y^2 \leq 25$, $y^2 > x^2$.

Problem 28B.9 (10 points):

Integrate $f(x, y, z) = z$ over the solid E bound by

$$z = 0$$

$$x = 0$$

$$y = 0$$

and

$$x + y + z = 1 .$$

Problem 28B.10 (10 points):

What is the surface area of the surface

$$r(x, y) = \begin{bmatrix} 2y \\ x \\ \frac{y^3}{3} + x \end{bmatrix}$$

with $0 \leq y \leq 2$ and $0 \leq x \leq y^3$?